SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Daily News.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE STATE. LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE CITY.

THE LIST OF LETTERS re maining in the Postoffice at the end of each week is published officially in THE DAILY NEWS every Fri-

BY TELEGRAPH.

Mexican News

Washington, February 3 .- The immediate withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico may be regarded as certain, the reports having been confirmed that an extraordinary commission had been sent to that country to make the necessary preparations for the evacuation.

The Emperor no longer insists on the prior recognition of MAXIMILIAN by the United States, but is satisfied with renewed promises that this Government will preserve a strict neutrality in regard to Mexico.

News via New Orleans state that Gen. WEITZEL had issued an order directing every commanding officer to arrest all armed persons lurking in the District of the Rio Grande.

A Military Commission is now in session at Beazos Santiago to investigate the Bagdad affair. All persons, whether residents of Mexico or the United States, are to appear, who are conversant with that difficulty.

Gen. WEITZEL has issued an order mustering out of service the One Hundred and Eighth in-

Chief Justice CHASE and Associate WAYNE concur in the opinion that it would be improper to hold Circuit Courts in Virginia until Congress shall have an opportunity to consider and act upon the entire subject. The civil court in a district under martial law can, they say, only act by the sanction and under the supervision of military powers, and they cannot think it becomes the Supreme Court to exercise jurisdiction under such

From Washington.

to-day ordered warrants to be issued for the par- large ice-cream churn. don of three hundred North Carolinians.

The President has transmitted to Congress the rection of energetic young men.

Congressional,

Washington, February 1.-In the Senate, Mr. research attack that be would ask that body on take up the constitutional amoudment passed yesterday by the House, and keep it before amendment before the State Legislatures now in session, at an early date.

Mr. Howard made a speech on his resolution offered an amendment to the original resolution so as to include others acting in concert with finest possible edge, or they will have their eyes

Mr. Davis made a lengthy speech on the bill for the protection of civil rights.

the bill enlarging the powers of the

From South America.

Legislative.

RALEIGH, February 1.—The House of Commons continued to-day the consideration of the bill relating to freedmen. Speeches were made for and against allowing them to testify. No vote has yet been taken. The outside feeling is adverse to allowing them to testify.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, February 2.-Flour is unsettled. Southern \$8.75@15. Wheat steady. Corn dull at 84@86c. Beef steady. Pork firm; Mess \$28.621@ 28.69. Whiskey is dull at \$2.23@2 26. Cotton dull. stores quiet. Gold 143@143j.

"From the best information that I can gather," says a recent letter from Corinth, Miss., "twothirds of the freedmen in this part of the South are disposed to go to work. But many of them object to hiring out to their former masters. They have an idea that, so long as they remain on the old plantation, their freedom is not a sure thing; consequently they wish a change, if only for a single season, with a view of satisfying themselves upon so important a point. Occasionally one is heard to say to another-"Spose you an me trade plantations dis year; my old marse offer me \$20 a month, and give me all de corn and bacon I want to eat; but I'd like to g t sumwhere else, so as I'll be free.' Such trades are frequently made on adjoining plantations, and each darkey is satisfied with his bargain."

An experiment tried by an eminent physician of St. Petersburg, during the provalence of the cholera there several years ago, serves to illustrate the influence of the mind upon the bod. He obtained of the authorities two criminals who had been concemned to death, to do with them as he saw it. One of these convicts was made to elsew in a bed in which, as he was told, a more be saw it. One of these convicts was made to sleep in a bed in which, as he was told, a made died with the cholers the night before—although such was not the fact. After a restless night, the criminal was taken with all the symptoms of cholera, and died of that disease, declaring that

LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

days there have been several very heavy falls of snow, covering the ground to sufficient depth to admit of the enjoyment of the exhilirating pleasures of sleigh riding. On Saturday last the sleighing carnival was at its height. Thousands of the fair and the unfair sex were out enjoying the fun. The Bloomingdale road was thronged with sleighs, drawn by gallant steeds, and bearing happy beaux and belles, whose merry laughter mingled with the tinkling of the tiny silvery sleigh-bells, till the music of the bells and the music of the belles harmoniously blended, as the otherwise noiseless vehicles swiftly and gracefully glided along. See where goes that handsome couple wrapt in furs, the flush of health and of love upon the maiden's cheek, as she nestles closer to the side of her admiring swain. Sce where-but they slide along swiftly as we watch them, and are lost to our view. The beautiful and snow-clad avenues in Central Park were also resorted to by thousands of the sleighing fraternity, whilst the skaters thronged toward the lakes, where fifty thousand were on the ice at one time. The official list of the number of persons who have visited the Central Park during the month of January, from the 1st to the 24th inclusive, shows | dially sym that the Park has, during this period, been visited by four hundred and eleven thousand two hundred and forty-eight pedestrians; two thousand

teen sleighs. Snow and ice are very good in their way-very good for sleighing and for skating-but a decidedly bad thing to get on the track of a street car. The city railroad companies are down on the snow and ice, and the horses are down on said ice and snow much oftener than they like; wherefore, the railroad people having heard that a good way to catch a bird is to throw salt on its tail, and having been informed, moreover, that salt will melt ice or snow, have been seasoning the streets with salt as though they were a large dish of some thing about to be cooked for a mammoth dinner. The City Fathers, however, showed that said seasoning was out of season even in this cold season, and called attention to a city ordinance which for-Washington, February 2, 1866.—The President bids salting the streets as though they were a

three hundred and forty-four equestrians; forty-

five thousand two hundred and seventy vehicles,

and seventeen thousand five hundred and thir-

In my last letter I gave you an account of the ingenious robbery of a porter of the Greenwich report of General Sherman on the condition of Savings Bank by a true and false policeman. It affairs in the Southern States. He says he found was taken for granted that the real policeman everywhere in the South a large number of our was innocent, and had been played upon by the officers and soldiers looking out for land and em- | to r like "a harp of a thousand strings;" but the ployment, and he doubted not that during the President of the Bank says that, in the language ployment, and he doubted not that during the next year all the land which is cleared will be under cultivation; a large part of it under the distance of ARTEMUS WARD, "he does not see the thing in less than this inconsiderable amount, and the less than this inconsiderable amount, and the Government being in possession at the time of Government being in possession at the time of the Bank says that, in the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than this inconsiderable amount, and the Government being in possession at the time of the Bank says that, in the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than this inconsiderable amount, and the Government being in possession at the time of the Bank says that, in the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than this inconsiderable amount, and the Government being in possession at the time of the Bank says that, in the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than this inconsiderable amount, and the Government being in possession at the time of the Bank says that, in the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than this inconsiderable amount, and the less than this inconsiderable amount are the distance of the Bank says that, in the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than this inconsiderable amount and the less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the language ment for \$30, the amount of tax due being even less than the languag at it from the light of other lamps, he thinks that both of the men were true policemen and false policemen at the same time; that is to say, they were true policemen, being really bona fide officers of the product that they were preventeless false, inast nuch as they are a couple of thieving rascals, who conspired together to rob the Bank them until it passed, as it was desirable to get the porter. The astute Bank President is a sharp man, and I am inclined to believe that in this instance he has seized the right female swine by the organ of hearing. The rogues in this big recommending the trial of Davis and Clay. He city are so exceedingly smart that the honest men must necessarily sharpen their wits to the robbed out of their heads whilst they are innocent ly dozing, and glass ones substituted.

The petroleum fraud case, in which Colonel W. The House was engaged in the consideration of D. Mann and Mr. Stratton had been charged ith having swindled certain parties by selling them shares in the United Service Petroleum Con-pany under false representations, has come to an end. Justice Dodge decided in favor of the de-kindents to the smit. Mr. Struggery has been dis-thus been informed, and have reason to be-lieve, that the State of South Carolina is one of those States which has "contributed largely in those states which has "contributed largely in

> place whence you came, and be there confined unplace whence you came, and be there confined until Tuesday, the ninth day of March, and on that day, between the hours of nine in the forenoon amount of direct tax due and paid by this State,

Sales of 1000 bales at 43@49c. Sugar dull. Naval ing themselves so plenteously and successfully to

grander and more imposing spectacle on the occasion of the reception of the famous 7th Reg. National Guard, given to those of its members who thave served in the army during the late war. It was truly a grand demonstration; but the brief space allowed me in this letter, does not admit of my ttempting a description—to which the Herald devotes no less than four columns and a half of closely printed matter.

"since December 10, 1863, there have the commission, most of which were during the last fiscal year."

It is difficult to understand why, looking upon those acts as intended to have uniform effect, so very marked an exception should have been made closely printed matter. sion of the reception of the famous 7th Reg. Na-

LETTER

HIS EXCELLENCY JAMES L. ORR, New York, February 1 .- Within the past few GOVERNOR OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

To Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, CHARLESTON, January 19, 1866.

To the Hon, the Secretary of the Treasury: Sin.—As Governor of the State of South Caroline, it becomes my duty to ask your attention to certain subjects of very grave importance to her interests, and the control of which belongs to

It is unnecessary for me to do more than to refer to the Acts of the United States imposing the direct tax and making provision for its collection in the "insurrectionary States." With these provisions you are perfectly familiar; and it is not my purpose at present to call in question either their constitutionality or their policy. Fortunately for the State which I represent, fortunately, I hope you will allow me to add, for the whole country, the character of "insurrectionary" no longer applies to her. Accepting honestly the result of the great contest which has now ended, sho has met the necessities of her condition, and her people are endeavoring, with carnest and single-minded purpose, to retrieve the disasters and destruction of the last five years. In this endeavor I am glad to believe that both yourself and the Administration, of which you form so distinguished a part, cordially sympathize, and I feel confident of your patient and favorable consideration, when I ask for such relief as it is in your power to afford, from the operation of laws passed in unhappy times, and the necessity for which has now ceased to exist.

Owing to the fact that until the surrender of refer to the Acts of the United States imposing the

Owing to the fact that until the surrender of the search of this State was in the military possession of the United States, it has happened that in that sec-tion only of the State have these laws been ap-plied. Owing, also, to this fact, and the conse-quent fact that the forces of the late Confederacy quent fact that the forces of the late Confederacy interposed between this section and the rest of the State, it has happened that the proprietors of this section, who were driven from their homes by the armed occupation of 1861, have been, during the war, entirely separated from their estates, have neither been able to learn the proceedings which have been instituted under the laws, nor have been complete to the advantage of the just the inability of the parties interested to receive the requisite notice, there has occurred an amount of sacrifice by the sale of property more enormous in character and more universal in extent than in any other portion of the country. I believe I am warranted in saying that, from causes entirely beyond their control, not one of the owners of these estates have been able either to pay his taxes or to avail himself of the power of redemption, while, in thousands of instances, estates of the highest value have been sold for the smallest amount of tax, and bought for the most inconsiderable sums. One instance to which I

cotton taken from the estate to more than a hundred times the amount of the tax, is one illustration out of many. The whole property of this section of country, including the entire Parish of St. Helena, one of the most valuable portions of the State, and a portion of St. Luke's, has completely changed hands, as far as these acts can effect the change, and has passed either into the possession of the Government or of third parties. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in that portion of his report which refers to the operation of the Direct Tax Act, uses the following lanof the Direct Tax Act, uses the following lan-

"It is evident from what I have stated, that when the duties of the Commissioners under the present laws shall be completed, the burdens imposed by it will have fallen unequally upon the people of the districts lately in insurrection. Some will have paid little in addition to their original distributive share of the twenty millions of dollars, while others will have lost their entire estates. Some States, too, will have paid only the amount apportioned to them under the Act of August 7, 1861, while others, for the reasons before given will, through the collections and sales, have contributed largely in excess of such apportionment."

I have been informed, and have reason to be New York, February 1.—Panama dates to the 22d ult. received. No local news.

The storms have destroyed almost the entire cotton crop throughout Salvador and Costa Rica.

The coffee crop is being gathered and brings higher prices than usual.

The Peruvian dictator is pushing reforms in all departments. He stated to the Chilian ambassador that Peru considered the Chilian conflict with Spain essentially a Peruvian question.

The New York, February 1.—Panama dates to the fendants to the suit; Mr. Strartorn has been discharged, and Colonel Mann, being honorably accharged, and Colonel Mann, being honorable accharged, and Colonel Mann, being honorabl

and three in the afternoon, you be hanged by the neck until you be dead."

The prisoners were not in the slightest degree affected by the reading of the above sentence; or, rather, they gave no outward demonstration that they were so. Let me add here what the Judge seems to have omitted in reading the sentence—and may Gon have merey on their souls.

The pickpockets are doing a flourishing business; their operations are principally confined to the street cars, where they have of late been helping themselves so plenteously and successfully to other people's greenbacks that the newspapers are crying out "trumpet-tongued against the deep demnation of their taking off." The only way for a man to insure himself when he gets into one of

demnation of their taking off." The only way for a man to insure himself when he gets into one of these cars, that he will not have his pocket-book abstracted from his pocket, is for him to leave it at home and only carry about his person—in his meath would answer—cnough money for car fare.

The Charity Ball on Monday night at the Academy of Music, for the benefit of the Nursery and Child's Hospital, was a decided success. The magnificent buildir g was filled to overflowing, was most beautifully and tastefully decorated for the occasion, and the dazzling light of hundreds of jets of gas, revealing thousands of faces decke is with the sunile of beauty, shone upon a scene that brought to mind tales of fairy palaces created by the enchanter's wand.

Last the Academy was the scene of a still grander and more imposing spectacle on the occasion of the sales for faxes, leases under section 9 of the act of June 7, 1862, have been made only by the South Carolina called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of operations for the transfer of autic the sales for taxes have been made only by the South Carolina called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of commission, under section I of the same basis of the term of three made only by the South Carolina called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of commission. In South Carolina the the sales for taxes have been made only by the South Carolina called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of the States have been made only by the South Carolina called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of the taxes, leases under section I of the same been made only by the South Carolina called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of the States have been mad

devotes no less than four columns and a hair of closely printed matter.

There is another financial sensation on the carpet here. A gentleman named NAELTE is accused of having robbed a bank in Berlin on Christmas day of sixty thousand thalers, with which he walked off to America as a Christmas gift. The gentleman, however, has been arrested here, and wil be sent back to whence he came, in accordance with the Extradition Treaty, and will tind that the Christmas gift has got him into a Chartcholera, and died of that disease, declaring that he had eaught it from the bed—a victim to his own fears. The other was made to sleep on a near wherein a man had died a few hours previously of the fatal disease. This feet, however, was unknown to the occupant of the bed, who arcse in the morning refreshed by his sleep, remaining in perfect health.

Walked off to America as a Christmas gift. The gentleman, however, has been arrested here, and will be sent back to whence he came, in accordance with the Extradition Treaty, and will find that the Christmas gift has got him into a Chort tation of the United States canoniace, and the United States shall elect a Legislature and State will be allowed the first day of March next thereafter." I would the first day of March next thereafter." I would the first day of March next thereafter." I would ask whether the time and conditions for the termination of these leases do not seem very rapidly street.

appresching, and if so, whether any principle of justice, or any good reason of policy, would pre-vene the Government from restoring the lands so

eased, to the original owners? Further, the Commissioner, after stating that most of the allotments of homesteads were made during the last fiscal year, proceeds:

"After the cessation of hostilities, and on the seven-toenth day of May last, the several commissions were directed by this office, in pursuance of the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury, to suspend all sales of lands for taxes in districts before that time in insurrec-tion, until otherwise ordered."

Now, if I am rightly informed of the legal effect Now, if I am rightly informed of the legal effect of these acts, and the President's instructions, these allotments could only take place upon the resale of the lands originally cought in by the Government, and the order forbidding all further sales was in effect forbidding any further allotments; and yet, according to the Commissioner, most of these allotments were made, "during the last fiscal year," that is, after the issue of the order forbidding them. You are yourself aware that this order was so openly disregarded, that applies in order was made to you by the executive agent of this State, in November last, for an order to suppend sales in Beaufort, advertised in direct violation of its terms, and that you promptly and justily gave the order asked for. And it is my duty to state, on perfectly reliable authority, that these allotments were not only made during the last fiscal year, but that Mr. Brisbane, one of the hese allotments were not only made during the ast fiscal year, but that Mr. Brisbane, one of the

purpose of continued allotment.

The condition of these lands is such that, owing to the action of the direct tax laws, the original owners are ousted of possession, while the system of leases and allotments, and in one portions the field-order of General Sherman, have caused their distribution among the freedmen, and created a strong expectation among them of continued and more extensive distribution. I would submit to you, and through you to the Government, whether any principle of justice can sanction such a double punishment as first to compel the owners of these lands to bear the whole burden of the Stato's taxation, and then to confiscate the very lands which had been so taxed. For, as I have said bewhich had been so taxed. For, as I have said be-fore, now that the cessation of war has given the opportunity, these owners are perfectly willing to pay their taxes, and ask simply that the principle of redemption, incorporated in the acts them-selves, shall not be made barren by being limited to a point of time before which it was clearly im-possible to use it.

possible to use it.

But there is another point of view from which the condition of these lands assumes even graver importance. The question of the relation between the white population of this State and the new freedmen has been a very perplexing one, and not altogether free from danger. It has been for a long time doubtful whether the freedman would contract for labor at all, and the great difficulty in the way has been his conviction that the lands of his former master were to be given to him. This delusion is not yet dispelled. In to him. This delusion is not yet dispelled. In the interior of the State, where there has been no the interior of the State, where there has been no dispossession of the owners, the freedmen are gradually becoming convinced of the truth, and are beginning to find that work is a necessity, and by contracting for labor at fair wages, only can they secure work. But in the low country the case is different. Difficulties still seem impossible to be overcome and serious disturbances have occurred. General Sickles, by energetic and practical action, is making some progress to a more wholesome state of affairs. But there is one obstacle too strong for him, or the planter, or the obstacle too strong for him, or the planter, or the State. That is, the existence in the State of a large tract of the richest and most valuable lands, sion, and over which the State possesses no control, and the military authorities of the United States can exert no beneficial influence.

As long as these lands remain in this condition, so long the freedman of the low country will retail to work for wages, and the freedman of the up-country will work discontentedly. Although I see that a proposition has been made in Congress to confirm the grant made by Gen. Sherman's field order, I can not believe that either the justice or wisdom of a great government will permit so fatal an injury to this State as must be the eswasting her most truttul saids, observeting her largest harbors, and shutting out from the sea, by a belt of barronness, her enterprise and her industry. But the delay in deciding the status of these lands is acting most injuriously upon the fortunes and future of this State. Already the beneficent action of the President's restoration of lands has been unaccountably delayed, intentionable or ignorability by those autranted with its exbeen executed, aiready its good effects are visible, and I will venture to assure you that if you can contribute to make it perfect, by aiding the State in the restoration of the lands, now practically confiscated by the Direct Tax Act, you will be converted in security the solution of that question going far in securing the solution of that question of labor which is to-day the only real obstacle to

the firm, harmonious, and prosperous re-con-struction of a common country.

Impressed with the importance of these views, but finding it impossible, either with justice to your engagements or my own to dwell upon them more fully or more in detail, I have commissioned Hon. Wm. Henry Trescot to lay this letter before you, and to enforce it with such information as an examination of it on your part may require. Mr. Trescot has already had the honor of communica-

tion with you as the representative in the same capacity of my predecessor, Gov. Perry. Commending him to your courteous considera-tion, and asking for the subject he lays before you your early and serious attention.

I am, very respectfully, JAS. L. ORR, Governor of South Carolina.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN ?-The Now York Citizen edited by Private MILES O'RILEY) has an article laudatory of the Fenians, and urging Irishmon and Americans to contribute to the Fenian funds. We quote a single ominous passage:

"We tell the American public-and they have herotofore found us pretty accurate prophets in everything relative to the Fenian cause—that before ten weeks there will be—somewhere—an Irish Republic existing on the face of the earth, with a they can be entertained by triends. It is respectfully re-Republic existing on the face of the earth, with a flag, an army, a port of entry and exit, a mavy of privateers, and the tacit encouragement both of France and the United States in the prosecution of belligerent acts against Great Britain. Let no one ask us for the present where this republic will be located, for we cannot answer. It must be called a republic, to warrant the flag and fleet, but will really only be used as an immediate basis of operations for the transfer of active hostilities to the Canadian and 'rish soils. A word to the wise is enough. And now, while the quid nuncs grow excited, the wise will await developments, giving liberally of their means to aid the cause:

purposes, eighty-one plantations, stated of the several sea islands of thet State.

"Under the same instructions the Commission made sale of homesteads of ten and twenty acres each to heads of families of arrican descent.

"Since December 10, 1863, there have been 617 certificates of homesteads of this character, issued by the Commission, most of which were during the last fiscal year."

It is difficult to understand why, looking upon those acts as intended to have uniform effect, so very marked an exception should have been made of this State, and as the direct authority of the Commissioners to grant these leases "extending in said State shall be put down, and the authority of safety has required it in some places, and it was enforced—Advertiser.

ST THE WEEKLY RECORD CAN BE PUR-CHASED it H. P. RUGG'S, Market-street, and M. M. QUINN'S, King-street, at which places newsboys can be

No papers will be sold from the Office in Hayne-

On the morning of the 3d of February, at the residence of the officiating minister, the Rev. Christopher Hanckell, D.D., A. Filliott Darby, of St. Matthews Parish, to DEAS F. eldest daughter of the late W. A. Sinkler, of St. John's Berkley.

go The Relatives, Friends and Acquaintnces of Mr. and Mrs. JOSEPH S. ADDISON, and of vited to attend the Funeral Services of the former, at his late residence, No. 28 Marsh-street, To-Morrow

AT The Members of the Fellowship Society re respectfully requested to attend the Funeral of Mr. JOSEPH S. ADDISON, To-Morrow Morning, at half-past

CHARLESTON, February 4, 1866.

chattenged to fight by one HENRY VAN WINELE. In reply I beg to say that it is well known in England as rallant Tom Savens (now deceased), it was my intention to retire forever from the prize-ring; but from the many boasting and gasconadings of the above and others that they are able to whip me, I have been induced to alter mentioned challenge, say that I will fight the said HENRY VAN WINKLE for any sum, from five hundred be agreed upon. Money left at the office of "THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS." or at my place of business an be made for any sum.

Yours respectfully, AARON JONES.
P. S.—If this is not satisfactory to Mr. H. Van VINELE, I hope he and his friends will refrain in future from their large talk but small works about fighting me, as I am getting quite tired of it.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ESTATE NOTICE.-ALL PERSONS HAV-ING any demands against the Estate of the Rev. A ested; and those indebted will make payment to Messrs. Machern & Buist, Attorneys at Law, No. 41 Broad-street. A. M. PEJRIFOY, Administrator, February 5 m3*\ Spartanburg C. H., S.

THE DIOCESAN COUNCIL OF THE PRO-TESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH in South Carolina will meet in Grace Church, Charleston, on Wednesday, J. D. McCOLLOUGH.

NOTICE.-ALL BILLS AGAINST THE panish barkantine "FORTUNA" must be handed in to the undersigned on or before Monday, the 5th inst. or they will be debarred payment.

Brown's Wharf.

TO NAVAL OFFICERS AND OTHERS .-Any person knowing the address or whereabouts of WILLIAM S. HAMILTON, supposed to be in the United States Navy, will confer a favor by addressing his afflicted mother, Mrs. E. J. HAMILTON, Richmond,

DENTIA .- A loan of about Four Thousand Five Hundred Dollars, more or less, is wanted on bottomry of Spanish barkentine "Fortuna." Garrido, Master, and or hypothecation of her cargo on board, consisting of Sugar, Tobacco, &c., to pay for repairs and expenses in curred at the port of Charleston, while on her voyage from Havana to Cadiz: said loau to be reimbursed with maratime premium within ten days after the safe arrival

Scaled proposals for making said loan, stating rate of maritime premium, to be left at the office of the Spanish of Lebruary, at 12 o'clock noon Acting Spanish Consul.

EF ELMORE MUTUAL INSURANCE COM-PANY .- CHARLESTON, January 24, 1866 .- The Stockholders of this Company are hereby notified that an sessment of FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE has been recommended by the Board of Directors, and approved at a meeting of the Stockholders, held on the 20th inst.; thirty days notice of such call being requisite, the said assessment will be received at the office of the Company, First National Bank, corner Broad and State streets, on or before Friday, 23d February.

EXTRACT FROM CHARTER.

"The President and Directors shall be, and they are authorized and empowered to call for and collect from each Stockholder, one or more assessments on each share of the Capital Stock, not exceeding, in the aggregate, the amount of ten dollars (\$10) per share, and to compel the payment of the same by forfeiture and sale of the stock, or otherwise." By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH WHILDEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

N. B .- The Secretary is now prepared to receive the

THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL DIOCES-AN COUNCIL will meet in this city on the 14th of February. It is essential that there should be a full attendance quested of such citizens as can and will accommodate

either the clerical or lay delegates, to inform one of

other of the undersigned, as soon as possible. C. C. PINCKNEY, JR. C. P. GADSDEN,

A. T. PORTER.

AT A BRANCH OF THE U. STATES POLICE. AGENCY having been established in Charleston, under the supervision of the under igned, they have been em powered by the civil and military authoricies to act as pecial Police Detectives. Our long and varied experience in all the large cities of the United States gives us peculiar facilities for the successful transaction of any ousiness which may be entrusted to our care. We are in constant correspondence with the police authorities throughout the country.

We respectfully refer to Mr. John Young, Chief of the detective force of New York city. All communications to be addressed to the Merchants' Hotel, care of Mi HABBY PERRIN. A. H. WATSON.

NOTICE TO COTTON AND NAVAL STOKES SHIPPERS.—The undersigned is prepared to make full CASH ADVANCES on shipments of Produce to first

WILLIAM IL WESSON. At Thaddeus Street's, No. 74 East Bay, and at W. C.
EFF & Co's, corner of East Bay and Vandertors:

January 25

BY OFFICE CLERK OF COUNCIL, JANUARY 6, 1866.—In accordance with the instructions receive at the last meeting of City Council, the following Research lution is published for general information:

Resolved. That public notice be given that if any person intends to creet a bothline in the burnt distracts, be shall first apply to Council and assertain whether of not the city mends without a sid street.

Japuary 6 W. H. SMITH, Clerk of Council.

STOFFICE CHARLESTON GAS-LIGHT COM-PANY-CHARLESTON, January 25, 1866.—The Annu-Meeling of the Stockholders of this Company will be treet, up stairs, at 12, o'clock, M., when a state the affairs of the Company will be submitted, and an ection held for President and eight Directors, to serve

Secretary and Treasurer AT INFORMATION WANTED OF WM. T.

KING .- Any information concerning WM. T. KING. who is sick in this city, will be thankfully received by A. Dr. PHIN, No. 93 Wentworth.

INFORMATION IS WANTED CONCELA-NG ALEXANDER and DANIEL NEAL, who removed rom Baltimore to Charleston some years ago; their on cupation was carpenters. Any one knowing anything about their whereabouts, will confer a favor on their widowed mother, MARGARET NEAL, on board the Ellie Knight, for two days, at North Atlantic Dock, towardess, by giving her information. She resides at at No. 64 Clay-street, Baltimore, Maryland.

NOTICE .- CONSIGNEES PER BRIG TRINDELEN, from Boston, are hereby notified that she is This Day discharging cargo at Kenn's Wharf. All goods remaining on the wharf at sunset will be stored at expense and risk of owners.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE .- THE MER-

CHANT'S Line schooner ENCHANTRESS will dis cargo This Day, at Adger's Wharves. All Goods not called for at sunset will be stored at their risk and ex-WILLIAM ROACH. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—CONSIGNEES

er Steamship SEA GULL, from Baltimore, are hereby notified that she is This Day discharging cargo Brown's Wharf, and all goods remaining on the Wharf after sunset will be stored at their expense and risk, February 5 1 MORDECAI & CO., Agents.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES PER SCHOONER DAYBREAK, are hereby notified that her cargo is being This Day discharged at Brown's South Wharf. Any goods remaining uncalled for at sunset will be stored at the risk and expense of the owners.

WITH A VIEW TO THE PARTITION OF the Estate of the late JOHN H. TUCKER, of George town District, all claims against the Estate are reques to be handed in immediately to either of the under

JOS. R. TUCKER H. M. TUCKER Qualified Executors

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF THE UNENDORSED BONDS AND JUDGMENT CREDITORS OF THE CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH BAIL-ROAD COMPANY.—The General Assembly having, at its last session, authorized the Company to issue Bonds to the amount not exceeding FIVE HUNDRED THOUpostponed to them its own first lien, on the condition that the holders of the Unendorsed Bonds and Judg ment Creditors shall, in writing, consent that the creditors are hereby requested to assemble on Wednes day, 14th February, at 12 M., at the Office of the Charles on Insurance and Trust Company, in Broad-street, to take into consideration the proposition indicated.

By order of the Board of Directors.

Secretary and Treasures The New York Herald will please give the above three insertions and send bill to this office.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. CHARLESTON DISTRICT.—By GEORGE BUIST, Esq., Ordinary .- Whereas CATHERINE MASHBURN, of Charleston, Widow, made suit to me to grant her Letters of Administration, of the Estate and Effects of JAMES H. These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said James H. MASHBURN deceased, that they be and app. ... before me, in the Court of Ordinary, to be held at Charleston, at No. 3 Rutledge-street, on the 12th day of February, 1866, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Admin istration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this twenty-seventh day of January, Anno Domini 1866. GEORGE BUIST, Judge of Probates January 29

NOTICE TO LOTHOLDERS .- IN CONSE-

QUENCE of the depredations being committed on the

Grounds, no one will be allowed to attend to any lot ex cept those employed by the Company.
J. J. STROUB.

AT DR. H. BAER .- OFFICE AT THE DRUG STORE of Mr. A. C. PHIN. Meeting street, near Man-

AWAY WITH SPECTACLES .- OLD EYES made new, without Spectacles, Doctor or Medicine Pamphlet maffed free on receipt of ten cents. Addre R. B. FOOTE, M. D. No. 1130 Broadway, New York.

JOHN G. MILNOR & CO.,

AUCTION

 ${f COMMISSION}$

MERCHANTS,

No. 135 Meeting-street,

Charleston, S. C.,

WILL RESUME THEIR OLD BUSINESS, AND ld solicit consignments of MERCHANDISE of all de-

scriptions, either for Public or Private Sale. En Particular attention paid to all out-door sales.

r. B. Trout......Oliver Amsbury TROUT & AMSBURY,

General Commission Merchants, AND DEALERS IN

L IME, CEMENT, PLASTER PARIS, LATUS HAIR and Shingles, Lumber and Timber, Hay at 1 Frain. November 20 5mo East Bay and Market - roset.